R-585-10-8-66

NON-SAMPLING SITE RECONNAISSANCE SUMMARY REPORT HBC BARGE, INCORPORATED PREPARED UNDER

TDD NO. F3-8808-35 **EPA NO. PA-494** CONTRACT NO. 68-01-7346 ORIGINAL (Red)

FOR THE

HAZARDOUS SITE CONTROL DIVISION U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

NOVEMBER 22, 1988

NUS CORPORATION SUPERFUND DIVISION

SUBMITTED BY

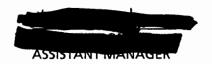


ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTIST

REVIEWED BY



APPROVED BY



Site Name: <u>HBC Barge</u>, Incorporated

TDD No.: <u>F3-8808-35</u>

ORIGINAL (Red)

Scope of Work

NUS FIT 3 was tasked to conduct a non-sampling site reconnaissance of the HBC Barge, Incorporated

site, located in Brownsville, Fayette County, Pennsylvania.

Background Information

The HBC Barge, Incorporated site is located in Brownsville, Fayette County, Pennsylvania (see figure

1, page 2). The site occupies approximately 40 acres along the banks of the Monongahela River. HBC

Barge, Incorporated buys steel plate, bends it into shape, and welds it to form barges. A small

amount of repair work is also done at the site. Barge building and repair operations began at the

site in 1938 or 1939, initiated by Hillman Barge Company. In 1978, the name of the company was

changed to HBC Barge, Incorporated. Prior to the barge operations, the property was occupied by

coke ovens and worker housing associated with a nearby coal mine. An aerial photograph of the

property can be found in attachment 3.

A small area, covering approximately 15,000 square feet at the southwestern end of the property,

was used as a dump from 1938 until 1980 (see figure 2, page 3). The wastes deposited in the area

were reported to have been scrap metal, burned wood and garbage from the lunchroom, and

crushed, empty paint drums. Flexible asbestos pipe was placed in the dump area in 1977. The pipe

was enclosed in heavy-duty plastic garbage bags, as prescribed by state regulations, and buried

under eight feet of fill. Posted signs identify the area containing the asbestos waste. The pipe was

removed from a type of barge that is no longer refurbished by HBC Barge, Incorporated.

HBC Barge, Incorporated uses two areas for barge painting. The exteriors of the barges are painted

on the property, above an unprotected ground surface. The interiors of the barges are painted

while the barges are afloat in the Monongahela River. Three compounds are used in the painting

process. The exteriors are painted with a red alkyd paint, and the interiors are treated with a

petroleum-based rust proofer and painted with an alkyd paint. The material safety data sheets for

these compounds can be found in attachment 4. Paint is purchased in large, reusable drums that are

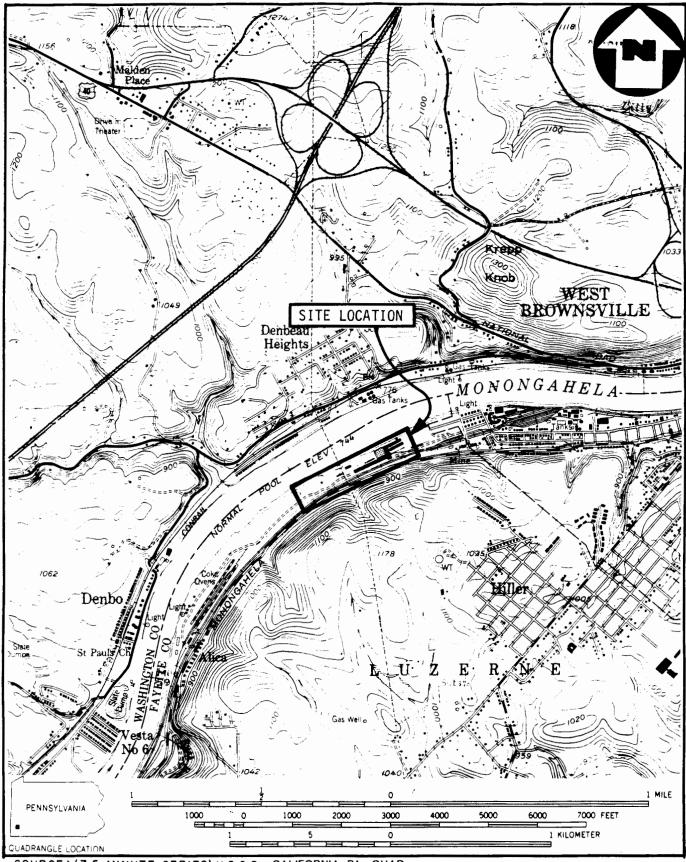
removed by the supplier when empty. HBC Barge, Incorporated is permitted by the Pennsylvania

Department of Environmental Resources (PA DER) as a small-quantity generator of paint wastes

(permit no. PAD004320313). The permit is currently being re-evaluated, because PA DER has

determined that HBC Barge, Incorporated produces no paint waste.

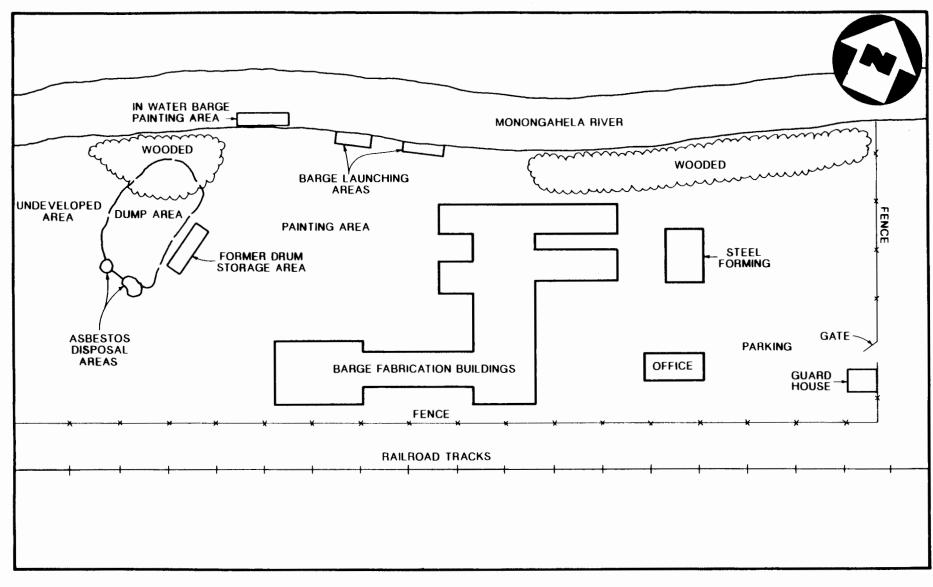
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SOURCE: (7.5 MINUTE SERIES) U.S.G.S. CALIFORNIA, PA., QUAD.

HBC BARGE INC.
SCALE 1: 24000





SITE SKETCH
HBC BARGE INC.
(NO SCALE)

FIGURE 2



Site Name: <u>HBC Barge, Incorporated</u>

TDD No.: <u>F3-8808-35</u>

ORIGINAL

Site Observations

The HNU background reading was 0.2 ppm; no readings above background were recorded.

• The radiation mini-alert was set on the X1 scale; no readings above background were

recorded.

An area previously used as a dump occupied an area of approximately 15,000 feet at the

southern end of the property.

Warning signs concerning asbestos disposal were noted in the dump area.

• The dump area was well covered, with little exposed waste visible. The area had been

revegetated.

No leachate seeps were noted.

• Painting of the exterior of the barges was performed over an uncovered ground surface.

Paint residue covered the soil in the painting area.

• The interiors of the barges were painted while the barges were floating on the

Monongahela River.

• Drainage from the site follows the topography of the land to the northwest, into the

Monongahela River.

No stained soils were noted in the former drum storage area.

Land use in the vicinity of the site included the Monongahela River and undeveloped land to

the west, the Monongahela River and residential areas to the north, industrial and

residential areas to the east, and a wooded hillside to the south.

• A fence surrounded the property, with the exception of the northern boundary. The

Monongahela River bordered the property to the north. A gate restricted entrance along

the access road.

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ATTACHMENT 1

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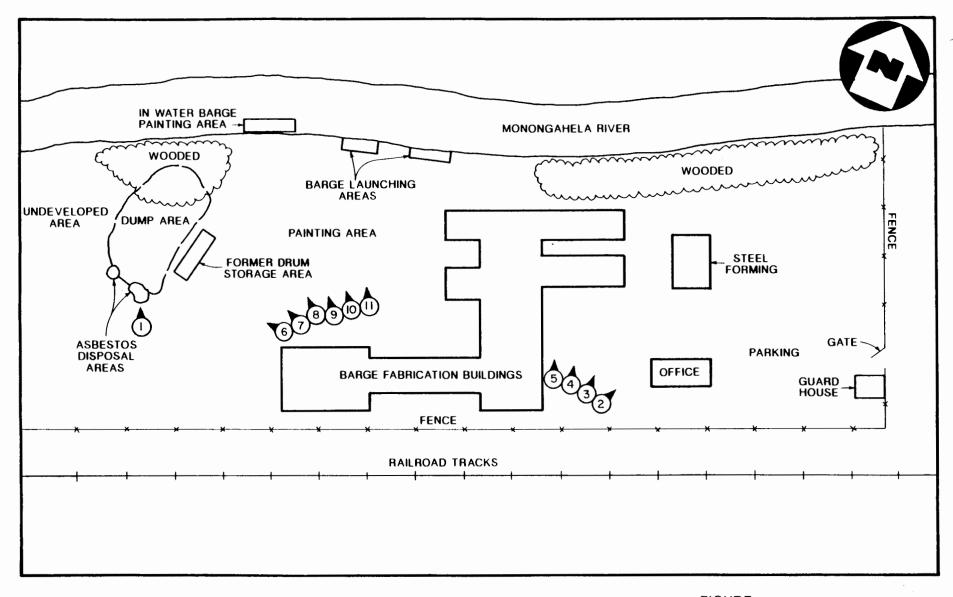


PHOTO LOCATION MAP

HBC BARGE INC.

(NO SCALE)

FIGURE



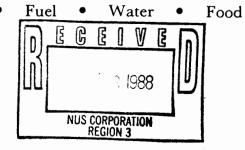


Microbac Laboratories, Inc.

Schiller Division 449 Rochester Road Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15237-1733 412/369-4830

₁₅₂₃₇₋₁₇₃₃ (Red) od • Wastes

BROWNSVILLE WATER COMPANY P.O. Box 102 200 Bank Street Brownsville, Penna. 15417



38-75 3-10-88 14513

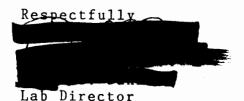
Dear Sir:

Herewith are the results of the tests done on the samples received at our laboratory on 3--10--88.

Air

SAMPLE: RAW WATER

TESTS: (SECONDARY)	RESULT	RESULTS:	
CHLORIDE	4	mg/1	
COLOR	<1	units	
COPPER	0.02	mg/1	
IRON	2.39	mg/1	
LANGLIERS INDEX	-1.77		
MANGANESE	0.45	mg/1	
ODOR	1	T.O.N.	
рН	6.2		
TOTAL DISSOLVED SOLIDS	164	mg/1	
SULFATE	80	mg/1	
MBAS	<0.03	mg/1	
ZINC	0.19	mg/1	
		1	



This report is rendered upon the condition that it is not to be produced wholly or in part for advertising or other purposes over my signature or in connection with my name without special permission in writing.

ATTACHMENT 3



ATTACHMENT 4

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14. 14.

Ashland Petroleum Company

DIVISION OF ASHLAND DIL, INC.

P. O. BOX 391 • ASHLAND, KENTUCKY 41131 • (608) 329 3333

24-HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE (606) 324-1133

1 Asnland

(PAINTERS) MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

NAME AGE: 1 TECTYL 400C-WD 000583 THIS MSDS COMPLIES WITH 29 CFR 1910.1200 (THE HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD) ********** PRODUCT NAME: TECTYL 4000-WD 08 70 000 0841638-000 DATA SHEET NO: 0028880-001 LATEST REVISION DATE: 02/84-84048 PRODUCT: 50010142 INVOICE: 050540 INVOICE DATE: 07/01/85 HBC BARGE INC PO BOX 510 PA BROWNSVILLE 15417 FAYETTE COUNTY ATTN: PLANT MGR / SAFETY DIR. BROWNSVILLE PA 15417 SECTION I-PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION GENERAL OR GENERIC ID: PETROLEUM BASED RUST PREVENTATIVE HAZARD CLASSIFICATION: (??) COMBUSTIBLE (173.115) SECTION II-HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS INGREDIENT PERCENT PEL TLV ALIPHATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES CAS #: 64742-88-7 500 100 PPM 30-60 (1) ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER 1-10 5.0 25 PPM - SKIN (2) CAS #: 111-76-2 NIOSH RECOMMENDS A LIMIT OF 350 MG/CUM 1800 MG/CUM AS DETERMINED BY A 15 MINUTE 8 HOUR TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE, MG/CUM - 8 HOUR MINUTE SAMPLE. (2): SKIN ABSORPTION MAY POTENTIALLY CONTRIBUTE TO THE OVERALL EXPOSURE TO THIS MATERIAL. APPROPRIATE MEASURES SHOULD BE TAKEN TO PREVENT ABSORPTION SO THAT THE TLV IS NOT INVALIDATED. SECTION III-PHYSICAL DATA PROPERTY REFINEMENT MEASUREMENT DEG F DEG C) MMHG INITIAL BOILING POINT FOR COMPONENT (30-60 %) 300.00 148.88 760.00 2.00 68.00 20.00 VAPOR PRESSURE FOR COMPONENT (30-60 %) MMHG DEG F DEG C) HEAVIER THAN AIR VAPOR DENSITY SPECIFIC GRAVITY LESS THAN WATER 30-60 v. PERCENT VOLATILES SLOWER THAN ETHER EVAPORATION RATE SECTION IV-FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA FLASH POINT 100-200 DEG F (LOWEST VALUE OF COMPONENT) LOWER -EXPLOSIVE LIMIT EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: REGULAR FOAM OR CARBON DIOXIDE OR DRY CHEMICAL HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: MAY FORM TOXIC MATERIALS: ON MONOXIDE., VARIOUS HYDROCARBONS, ETC., SULFUR C CARBON DIOXIDE CARBON MONOXIDE., SULFUR COMPOUNDS. SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: WEAR SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS WITH A FULL FACEPIECE OPERATED IN PRESSURE DEMAND OR OTHER POSITIVE PRESSURE MODE WHEN FIGHTING FIRES. AL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: NEVER USE WELDING OR CUTTING TORCH ON OR NEAR DRUM (EVEN EMPTY) BECAUSE PRODUCT (EVEN JUST RESIDUE) CAN IGNITE EXPLOSIVELY. UNUSUAL SECTION V-HEALTH HAZARD DATA EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE: FOR COMPONENT EYES - CAN CAUSE SEVERE IRRITATION, REDNESS, TEARING, BLURRED VISION.

5KIN - PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT CAN CAUSE MODERATE IRRITATION, DEFATTING,

DERMATITIS.

BREATHING - EXCESSIVE INHALATION OF VAPORS CAN CAUSE NASAL IRRITATION,

DIZZINESS, WEAKNESS, FATIGUE, NAUSEA, HEADACHE, POSSIBLE UNCONSCIOUSNESS,

AND EVEN ASPHYXIATION.

5WALLOWING - CAN CAUSE GASTROINTESTINAL IRRITATION, NAUSEA, VOMITING, DIARRHEA

ASPIRATION OF MATERIAL INTO THE LUNGS CAN CAUSE CHEMICAL PNEUMONITIS.

OK 6-16-83

DIARRHEA.

72-62-7825-01

Ashland Petroloum Company proson or ashland or inc

PIO BOX 391 • ANHILANO, KILLLINDS (417) • (67) · FIRE UPTI

Williams

49.583

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

24-HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE (600) 324-1133

12072 7000 10
SECTION V-HEALTH HAZARD DATA (CONTINUED)
FIRST AID:
IF ON SKIN: THOROUGHLY WASH EXPOSED AREA WITH SOAP AND WATER. REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING DEFORE RE-USE.
IF IN EYES: FLUSH WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER, LIFTING UPPER AND LOWER LIDS OCCASIONALLY. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.
IF SWALLOWED: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. KEEP PERSON WARM, QUIET AND GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. ASPIRATION OF MATERIAL INTO THE LUNGS DUE TO VOMITING CAN CAUSE CHEMICAL PNEUMONITIS WHICH CAN BE FATAL.
IF BREATHED: IF AFFECTED, REMOVE INDIVIDUAL TO FRESH AIR. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, ADMINISTER OXYGEN. IF BREATHING HAS STOPPED, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION. KEEP PERSON WARM, QUIET, AND GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.
SECTION VI-REACTIVITY DATA
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: CANNOT OCCUR
STABILITY: STABLE
INCOMPATABILITY: AVOID CONTACT WITH:, STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS.
SECTION VII-SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES
STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:
SMALL SPILL: ABSORB LIQUID ON PAPER, VERMICULITE, FLOOR ABSORBENT, OR OTHER ABSORBENT MATERIAL AND TRANSFER TO HOOD.
LARGE SPILL: ELIMINATE ALL IGNITION SOURCES (FLARES, FLAMES, INCLUDING PILOT LIGHTS, ELECTRICAL SPARKS). PERSONS NOT WEARING PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE EXCLUDED FROM AREA OF SPILL UNTIL CLEAN-UP HAS BEEN COMPLETED. STOP SPILL AT SOURCE, DIKE AREA OF SPILL TO PREVENT SPREADING, PUMP LIQUID TO SALVAGE TANK. REMAINING LIQUID MAY BE TAKEN UP ON SAND, CLAY, EARTH, FLOOR ABSORBENT OR OTHER ABSORBENT MATERIAL AND SHOVELED INTO CONTAINERS. PREVENT RUN-OFF TO SEWERS, STREAMS OR OTHER BODIES OF WATER. IF RUN-OFF OCCURS, NOTIFY PROPER AUTHORITIES AS REQUIRED, THAT A SPILL HAS OCCURRED.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:
SMALL SPILL: ALLOW VOLATILE PORTION TO EVAPORATE IN HOOD. ALLOW SUFFICIENT TIME FOR VAPORS TO COMPLETELY CLEAR HOOD DUCT WORK. DESTROY REMAINING MATERIAL BY BURNING IN AN IRON PAN.
LARGE SPILL: DESTROY BY LIQUID INCINERATION. CONTAMINATED ABSORBENT MAY BE DEPOSITED IN A LANDFILL IN ACCORDANCE WITH LOCAL, STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.
SECTION VIII-PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT TO BE USED
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: IF ILV OF THE PRODUCT OR ANY COMPONENT IS EXCEDED, A NIOSH/MSHA JOINTLY APPROVED AIR SUPPLIED RESPIRATOR IS ADVISED IN ABSENCE OF PROPER ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL. OSHA REGULATIONS ALSO PERMIT OTHER NIOSH/MSHA RESPIRATORS UNDER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS. (SEC YOUR SAFETY EQUIPMENT SUPPLIER). ENGINEERING OR ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS SHOULD BE IMPLEMENTED TO REDUCE EXPOSURE.
VENTILATION: PROVIDE SUFFICIENT MECHANICAL (GENERAL AND/OR LOCAL EXHAUST) VENTILATION TO MAINTAIN EXPOSURE BELOW TLV(S).
PROTECTIVE GLOVES: WEAR RESISTANT GLOVES SUCH AS:, NEOPRENE, NITRILE RUBBER
EYE PROTECTION: CHEMICAL BPLAGH GOGGLES IN COMPLIANCE WITH OSHA REGULATIONS ARE ADVISED, HOWEVER, OSHA REGULATIONS ALSO PERMIT OTHER TYPE SAFETY GLASSES. (CONSULT YOUR SAFETY EQUIPMENT SUPPLIER)
OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: TO PREVENT REPEATED OR PROLONGED SKIN CONTACT, WEAR IMPERVIOUS CLOTHING AND BOOTS.
SECTION IX-SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS OR OTHER COMMENTS
CONTAINERS OF THIS MATERIAL MAY BE HAZARDOUS WHEN EMPTIED. SINCE EMPTIED CONTAINERS RETAIN PRODUCT RESIDUES (VAPOR, LIQUID, AND/OR SOLID), ALL HAZARD PRECAUTIONS GIVEN IN THIS DATASHEET MUST BE OBSERVED.
THE INFORMATION ACCUMULATED HEREIN IS BELIEVED TO BE ACCURATE BUT IS NOT WARRANTED TO BE WHETHER ORIGINATING WITH ASHLAND OR NOT. RECIPIENTS ARE ADVISED TO CONFIRM IN ADVANCE OF NEED THAT THE INFORMATION IS CURRENT, APPLICABLE, AND SUITABLE TO THEIR CIRCUMSTANCES.

PAINTERS SHELL & COAMING

Material Safety Data Sheet For Coatings, Resins, and Related Materials

ORIGINAL

Manufacturer's Name: Bradley Paint Company

608 W. Crawford Ave.

Connellsville, PA 15425

Emergency Telephone No: 412/628-9100 work hours 412/628-8093 after 5 PM

Date of Preparation: 10/22/85

Information Phone No:

412/628-9100

Section I - Product Identification

Section 1 - Product Identification

Product Number: ME-098

Ingredient

Product Name: #1082 RED BARGE PAINT

Occupational

ZIRCONIUM

Product Class.: ALKYD SEMI-GLOSS PAINT

CAS #

Section II - Hazardous Ingredients

Percent

Exposure Limits Pressure MINERAL SPIRITS 64742-88-7 40% 100 ppm 2.00 mmhg @ 20°C. CALCIUM CARBONATE 1317-65-3 10 mg/m³ OF 10% N/A TOTAL DUST ZIRCONIUM COMPOUND 7440-67-2 <0.5% $5 \text{ mg/m}^3 \text{ AS}$ 1.00 mmhg @ 20°C.

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Section III - Physical Data

piling Range....: 300°F.

Vapor Density....: Heavier Than Air Evaporation Rate..: Slower Than Ether

% Volatile Volume.: 62.7%

Wt. Per Gallon...: 9.73LBS./GAL.

C02.. [x]

Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point.: 100°F. (LOWEST COMPONEN'I) OHSA.: CLASS II Flammability

LEL..: LOWER = 1.0% Classification DOT. : COMBUSTIBLE

Extinguishing Media: Foam..[X] "Alcohol" Foam..[] Dry Chemical..[x] Water Fog..[] Other..[]

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames and ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point.

Special Firefighting Procedures: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode when fighting fires.

Section V - Health Hazard Data

Effects of Overexposure: EYES - Can cause servere irriatation, redness, tearing, blurred vision. SKIN - Prolonged or repeated contact can cause moderate irritation, defatting, dermatitis. BREATHING - Excessive inhalation of vapors can cause masal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, possible unconsciousness, and even asphyxiation. SWALLOWING - Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

Medical Conditions Prone To Aggravation By Exposure: High vapor concentrations (greater than approximatley 1000 ppm) are irritating to the eyes and the respiratory tract, may cause headaches and dizziness, are anesthetic, and may have other central nervous system effects.

Primary Route(s) Of Entry: Dermal(SKIN) - Inhalation

Emergency and First Aid Procedures: Thoroughly wash exposed area with soap and water, flush eyes with large amounts of water. If swallowed do not induce vomiting, keep person warm and quiet. If inhaled remove person to fresh air, seek medical attention.

Section VI - Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

Hazardous Decomposition Products: None

Conditions To Avoid: Keep from fire, sparks, or ignition sources.

Incompatibility (Materials To Avoid): Avoid contact with strong exidents such as liquid chlorine, concentrated oxygen, sodium hypochlorite or calcium hypochlorite.

Section VII - Spill or Leak Procedures

items to Be Taken In Case Material Is Released or Smilled: Keen people way. Add sand, earth or other suitable absorbent to spill area. Keep product out of sewers and watercourses by diking. Advise authorities if product has entered or may enter sewers or waterways.

Naste Disposal Method: Consult local authorities as product is considered a hazardous material and may be subject to disposal restrictions. Do not

a hazardous material and may be subject to disposal restrictions. Do not wash into sewers. Do not exhaust dusts into the air. Keep waste rags in a labeled safety container - do not incinerate. Disposal must be in accordance with state, local and federal regulations.

Section VIII - Safe Handling and Use Information

Respiratory Protection: NIOSH approved respiratory protection must be used in accordance with existing standards and must be worn if TLV is exceeded.

Intilation: Provide greater than 60 feet per minute hood face velocity.

Protective Gloves: Use chemical-resistant gloves, if needed, to avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Eye Protection: Use splash goggles or face shield when eye contact may occur.

Other Protective Equipment: Use chemical-resistant apron or other impervious cothing, if needed, to avoid contaminating regular clothing which could sult in prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Hygienic Practices: Remove contaminated clothing; launder or dry-clean before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water.

Section IV - Special Precautions

recautions To Be Taken In Handling and Storing: Containers or this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed.

Other Precautions: The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with Bradley Paint Co. or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

HMIS RATING

HEALTH	:	1
FLAMMABILITY	:	2
REACTIVITY	:	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION.	•	G

INTERIOR BOW, STEEN & PAINTERS

Material Safety Data Sheet

nufacturer's Name: Bradley Paint Company

608 W. Crawford Ave.

Connellsville, PA 15425

Emergency Telephone No: 412/628-9100 work hours 412/628-8093 after 5 PM

Date of Preparation: 10/31/85

Information Phone No: 412/628-9100

Section I - Product Identification

Product Number: MP-670

Product Name: #2239-A FROST PROOF GRAY

Product Class.: ALKYD PAINT

	Section II	- Hazardous	Ingredients	SERVICE SET CONTROL
*ngredient	CAS #	Percent	Occupational Exposure Limits TLV	Vapor Pressure
VM & P NAPHTHA	64742-89-8	20%	300 ррш	15.00 mmhg @ 37.
MINERAL SPIRITS	647 42 -88 - 7	25%	100 ppm	2.00 mmhg @ 20°C
JIRCONIUM COMPOUNDS	7440-67-2	<0.05%	5 mg/m³ AS ZIRCONIUM	1.00 mmhg @ 20°C
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	5%	10 mg/m³ OF TOTAL DUST	N/A
CALCIUM CARBONATE	1317-65-3	<5%	10 mg/m³ OF TOTAL DUST	N/A

Section III - Physical Data

oiling Range....: 240°F

Vapor Density....: Heavier Than Air Evaporation Rate..: Slower Than Ether

% Volatile Volume.: 64%

Wt. Per Gallon...: 9.16 LBS./GAL.

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Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flammability OHSA:: CLASS IB Flash Point.: 50°F. (LOWEST COMPONENT)

Classification DOT..: FLAMMABLE LEL..: LOWER = 0.9%

Extinguishing Media: Foam..[X] "Alcohol" Foam..[] C02..[X]

Dry Chemical..[X] Water Fog..[] Other..[]

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames and ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point.

Special Firefighting Procedures: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode when fighting fires.

Section V - Health Hazard Data

Section V - Health Hazard Data (**) (http://www.

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Emergency and First Aid Procedures: Thoroughly wash exposed area with soap and water, flush eyes with large amounts of water. If swallowed do not induce vomiting, keep person warm and quiet. If inhaled remove person to fresh air, seek medical attention.

Section VI - Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

Hazardous Decomposition Products: None

Conditions To Avoid: Keep from fire, sparks, or ignition sources.

Incompatibility (Materials To Avoid): Avoid contact with strong oxidants such as liquid chlorine, concentrated oxygen, sodium hypochlorite or calcium hypochlorite.

Section VII - Spill or Leak Procedures

teos to Be Taken In Case Material Is Released or Spilled: Keep people Yaway. Add sand, earth or other suitable absorbent to spill area. Keep product out of sewers and watercourses by diking. Advise authorities if product has entered or may enter sewers or waterways.

Waste Disposal Method: Consult local authorities as product is considered a hazardous material and may be subject to disposal restrictions. Do not wash into sewers. Do not exhaust dusts into the air. Keep waste rags in a labeled safety container - do not incinerate. Disposal must be in accordance with state, local and federal regulations.

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Other Protective Equipment: Use chemical-resistant apron or other impervious clothing, if needed, to avoid contaminating regular clothing which could esult in prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Hygienic Practices: Remove contaminated clothing; launder or dry-clean before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water.

Section IV - Special Precautions

Precautions To Be Taken In Handling and Storing: Containers or this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be observed.

Other Precautions: The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be whether originating with Bradley Paint Co. or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

HMIS RATING

HEALTH:	1
FLAMMABILITY:	3
REACTIVITY:	0
PERSONAL PROTECTION .	G